

Leave no one behind!
Inclusion in development cooperation
4 December 2017

Enhancing the global agenda for inclusion

Victoria Lee, OHCHR



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“Where, after all, do universal human rights begin?

In **small places, close to home**

- so close and so small that they cannot be seen on any maps of the world. Yet they are the world of the individual person; the neighborhood he lives in; the school or college he attends; the factory, farm, or office where he works. Such are the places where every man, woman, and child seeks equal justice, equal opportunity, equal dignity without discrimination. **Unless these rights have meaning there, they have little meaning anywhere. Without concerted citizen action, to uphold them close to home, we shall look in vain for progress in the larger world.**”

- Eleanor Roosevelt



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Challenges to inclusion

- Marginalised groups **vs** mainstream
- Developing **vs** developed countries
- Development **vs** human rights
 - Economic, social, cultural rights **vs** civil & political rights
- Development **vs** human rights **vs** humanitarian



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The Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) : a human rights instrument & development tool

All rights for all persons with disabilities everywhere on an equal basis with others

- Embraces diversity & inclusion
- Participation of persons with disabilities (art 4(3))
- Women with disabilities (art 6); children with disabilities (art 7)
- Equal recognition before the law (art 12)
- Living independently and being included in the community (art 19)
- Situations of risk and humanitarian emergencies (art 11)

- International cooperation (art 32)
- Data collection (art 31)
- National monitoring & implementation (art 33)



CRPD 10 YEARS

disability rights are human rights



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UN World Conference on
Disaster Risk Reduction
2015 Sendai Japan

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction



FINANCING FOR
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13-16 JULY 2015 • ADDIS ABABA • ETHIOPIA
TIME FOR GLOBAL ACTION

Financing for Development



**WORLD
HUMANITARIAN
SUMMIT**
ISTANBUL, TURKEY
23-24 May 2016

CHARTER ON INCLUSION OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES IN HUMANITARIAN ACTION

Key principles to make humanitarian action more
inclusive of persons with disabilities



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SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



Leave no one behind
Reach the furthest behind first

References to persons with disabilities:

Sustainable Development Goals

- Goal 4: Education – 2 references
- Goal 8: Employment
- Goal 10: Reduce inequality
- Goal 11: Inclusive cities – 2 references
- Goal 17: Means of implementation, data

Follow-up and review

- Data disaggregation (paragraph 74,g)



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Human Rights in the 2030 Agenda (see-form 5/11)

Preamb	The SDGs seek “seek to realize the human rights of all”
Para 8	We envisage a world of universal respect for human rights and human dignity, the rule of law, justice, equality and non-discrimination; of respect for race, ethnicity and cultural diversity; and of equal opportunity
Para 10	The new Agenda is guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, including full respect for international law. It is grounded in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, international human rights treaties.....
Para 19	We emphasize the responsibilities of all States, in conformity with the Charter of the United Nations, to respect, protect and promote human rights and fundamental freedoms for all ...
Para 18	We...emphasize that the Agenda is to be implemented in a manner that is consistent with the rights and obligations of states under international law.



Human rights based approach to development

- **Universal:** applicable to all countries and all people
- **Indivisible** : civil- political & socio-economic
- **Interdependent/interrelated-** enjoyment of one right facilitates enjoyment of others
- **Equality & non-discrimination**
 - leaving no one behind, reducing inequalities, data disaggregation
- **Participatory:** led by rights holders
- **Accountability** of States to their people



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Accountability

What action has been taken? Need to track & measure:

- Progress / progressive realisation
- Inertia
- Retrogression



Accountability

Monitoring and review framework requires:

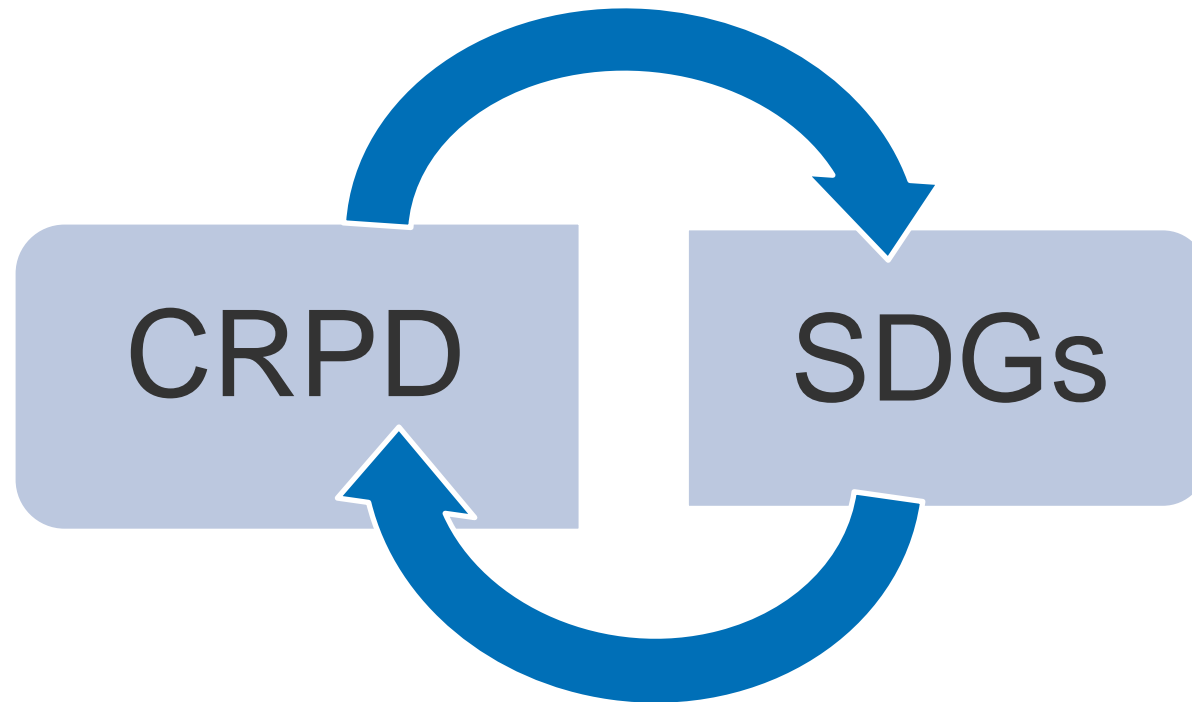
- Evidence
 - Lived experience – voices & **participation** of rights holders
 - **Disaggregation of data**

Facilitated by **human rights indicators**
for **use by all actors** (govts, civil society,
development agencies, human rights bodies, etc)



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The SDGs should have a human rights based approach, but how to ensure that the SDGs are informed and guided by the CRPD?





This project is funded
by the European Union



**Bridging the Gap:
Human rights indicators for the CRPD
in support of a disability inclusive 2030
Agenda for Sustainable Development**



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Objectives

To contribute to **the socio-economic inclusion, equality, non-discrimination of persons with disabilities** in low and middle-income countries through more **inclusive and accountable institutions and policies** by:

- Supporting **CRPD implementation** and monitoring through the elaboration of **human rights indicators**
- Supporting **SDGs implementation** guided by the CRPD

Tools for implementation, monitoring & reporting for SDGs & CRPD



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Why is there a need for this project?

SDGs: “Leave no one behind” -yet persons with disabilities are commonly left behind

Due to the lack of :

- **Know how** -Policymaking which promotes their rights, inclusion and participation
- **Know what** – Data
- **Know who** - Consultation with persons with disabilities and their representative organisations)

SDGs: measuring progress- limited in scope

Unlikely to sufficiently or appropriately address persons with disabilities due to weak:

- Indicators
- Follow up and review process



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Why is there a need for this project?

SDGs: are here & now! – opportunities & risks

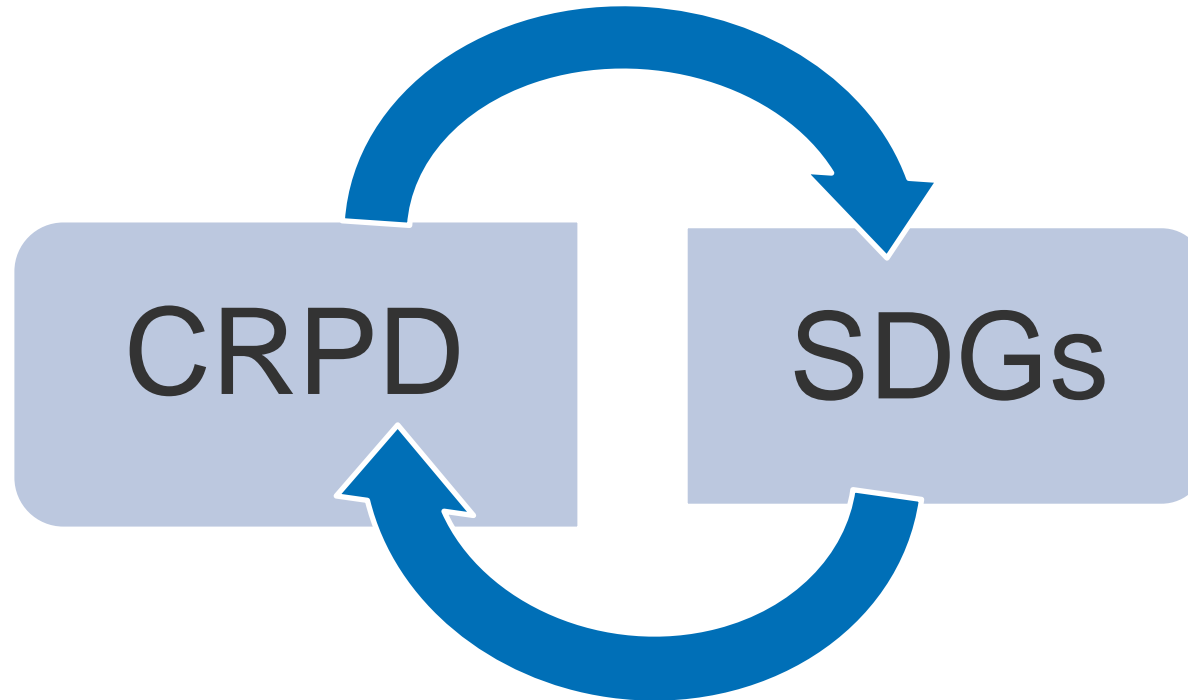


NEED FOR CONCRETE TOOLS TO LINK SDGs TO
CRPD for MUTUAL REINFORCEMENT



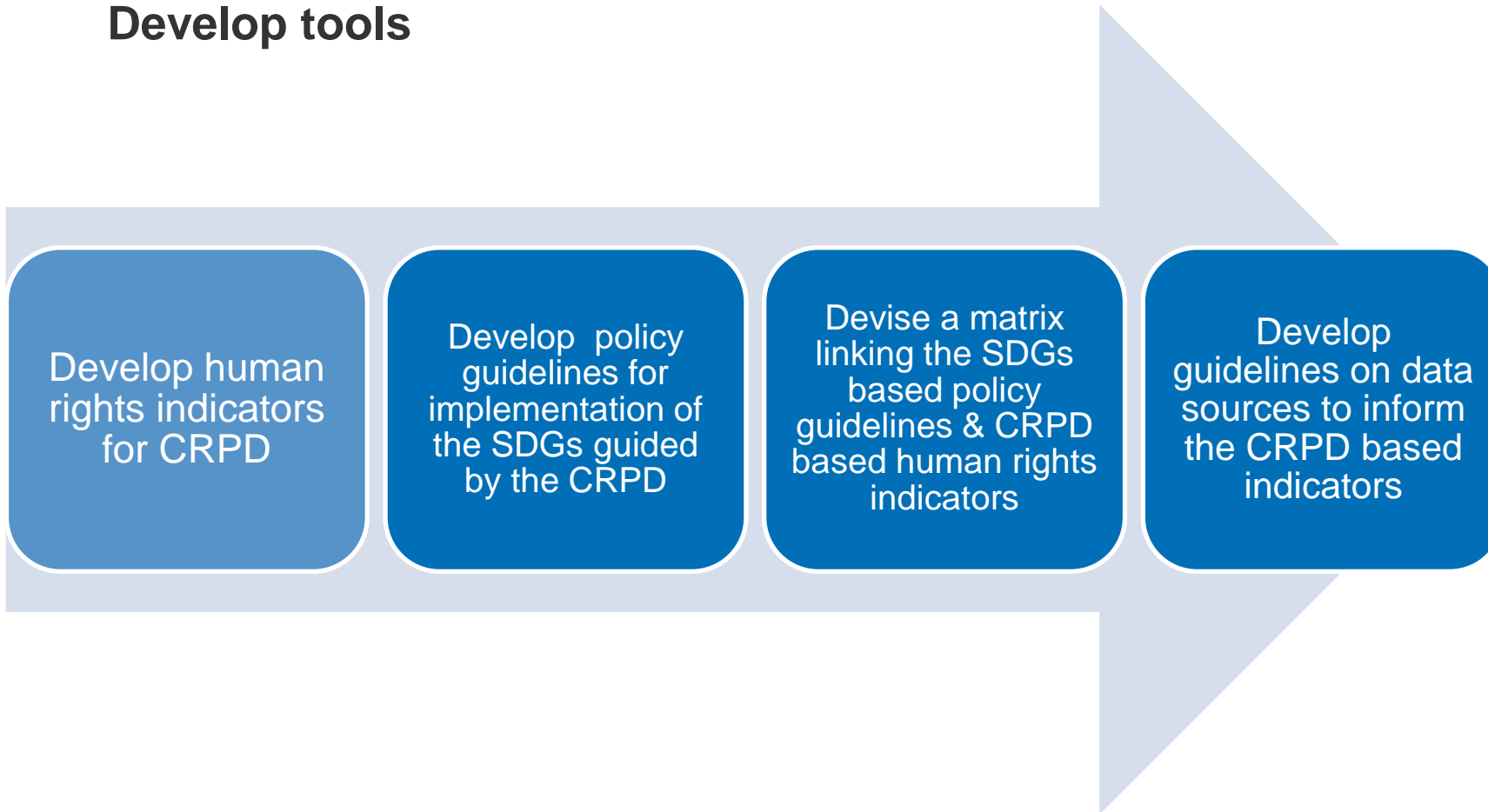
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**The CRPD can guide, inform, reinforce & enforce
SDGs implementation & the SDGs can contribute to
the realisation of the rights of persons with
disabilities**



What will we do?

Develop tools



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What will we do?

Capacity building

Develop training materials on CRPD indicators & CRPD-SDGs implementation

Deliver a training of trainers

Develop an e-learning course

Wide dissemination of all tools & promotion of their use by all stakeholders



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Bridging the Gap II- Inclusive policies and services for equal rights of persons with disabilities

Objectives:

- Support CRPD implementation & attainment of disability inclusive SDGs
- Country level efforts – 5-6 partner countries- to implement CRPD through capacity development of govt institutions and DPOs

Partners: Italian Agency for Development Cooperation; Spanish Agency of International Cooperation for Development (AECID); Austrian Development Agency; FIAPP, IDDC & EDF;

Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Finland (observer)

Countries:

Burkina Faso, Ecuador, Sudan, **Ethiopia, Paraguay,**



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Imagine a world where we embrace human diversity.

We remove the barriers in society and institutions that create discrimination and inequality.

We go past the fear and preconceptions that have historically resulted in so much social exclusion.

We see disability as part of human diversity, like any other difference.

And we see the contributions that persons with disabilities can make in all areas of society.

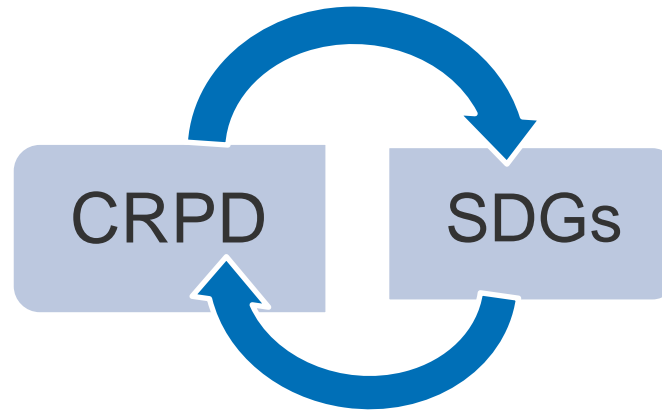
- Catalina Devandas, UN Special Rapporteur on the rights of persons with disabilities



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Thank you for your attention!

Questions / comments?



Office of the United Nations High
Commissioner for Human Rights

Email: vlee@ohchr.org

